

**SECTION****1****Study Guide****Work and Power****Chapter****4**

**Directions:** Give an example of how you could apply a force to do work. Describe the necessary condition for the force to do work.

1. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Give an example of how you could apply a force and not do work. Explain why the applied force is not doing work.

2. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Write formulas to fill in the following chart.

|    | Write a Formula to Calculate | Data That Is Needed | Formula |
|----|------------------------------|---------------------|---------|
| 3. | Work                         |                     |         |
| 4. | Power                        |                     |         |

**Directions:** Decide what each situation describes and write the term in the blank. You may use terms from the bank more than once or not at all.

**distance**  
**energy**

**force**  
**heat**

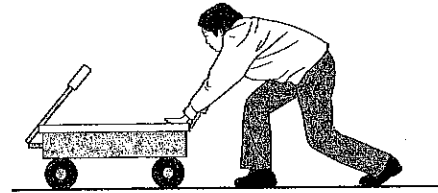
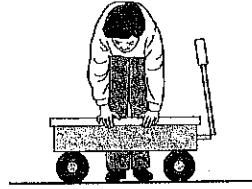
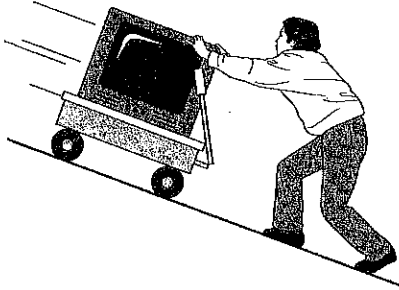
**kinetic energy**  
**potential energy**

**power**  
**work**

- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. what is done when a baseball is lifted 0.7 m
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. the form of energy you give a chair by pushing it across the floor
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. the form of energy a book has that decreases as it tumbles from a library shelf
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. what a dog did as he pushed his food bowl across the room with his nose
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. measured in newtons
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. something that can not be created nor destroyed
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. measured in watts
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. the form of energy a baseball has that increases when it is lifted 0.7 m
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13. a baseball is carried 7 m
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. the rate at which work is done

**SECTION****1 Reinforcement****Work and Power**

**Directions:** Describe the work in each situation as **work** or **no work**.



1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Name two situations in which no work is done to an object.

4. \_\_\_\_\_  
5. \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Answer the following questions on the lines provided.

6. If you push an object at an angle so that the object moves along the ground, how much of your push counts as work?

\_\_\_\_\_

7. How is work measured? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

8. What is power? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

9. How is power measured? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

10. Can only engines have power? Explain.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Use the formula,  $\text{power} = \text{work}/\text{time}$ , to calculate the power required in the following problem.

11. A weightlifter lifts a 1,250-N barbell 2 m in 3 s. How much power was used to lift the barbell?

\_\_\_\_\_